No. of Printed Pages: 4

BCS-042

## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (BCA) (Revised)

## **Term-End Examination**

## BCS-042: INTRODUCTION TO ALGORITHM DESIGN

Time: 2 Hoursl

[Maximum Marks : 50

Note: Question number 1 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from the rest.

(a) For function defined by:

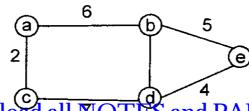
4

 $f(n) = 5n^3 + 6n^2 + 7n + 8$ ; show that:

(i) 
$$f(n) = O(n^3)$$

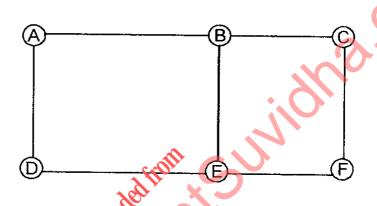
(ii) 
$$f(n) \neq O(n)$$

- (b) Write an algorithm to search the smallest number in a given array. Also calculate its time complexity.
- (c) Draw all the spanning trees for the following weighted graph: 5



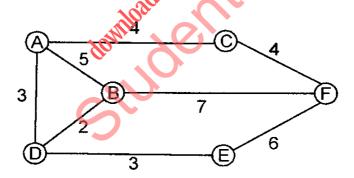
Download all NOTES and PAPERS at Stude

(d) For the given graph, write DFS traversal sequence from the node A: 5

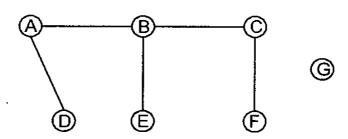


- 2. (a) Sort the following list of elements using Quick sort. Also show intermediate steps of the operation.
  - 29, 6, 27, 8, 6, 2, 45, 90
  - (b) Define optimization problem. Give any two examples of optimization problem with explanation.
- (a) Find the optimal solution to the following fractional Knapsack problem using Greedy
   Technique:
  - (i) No. of object n = 6
  - (ii) Max. weight = 25
  - (iii) Value of each item =

- (iv) Weight of each item =
- $(W_1, W_2, W_3, W_4, W_5, W_6) = (5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 20)$
- (b) Write recurrence relation for binary search algorithm.
- 4. (a) Solve the following recurrence relation: 3 T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n
  - (b) Find minimum cost spanning tree for the following graph using Kruskal's algorithm: 7



5. (a) Find Adjacency Matrix for the following graph: 3



(b) Find the complexity of following code: int P = 100;

Downlead) all NOTES and PAPERS at Stude

For 
$$(i = 1; i < n; i++)$$
  
SUM  $[i] = P - 1;$   
 $A = P = P - 1;$ 

Make necessary assumptions required

(c) Describe any two methods to solve recurrence relations.

